

Human Senses

Humans have five senses. They are sight, hearing, smell, taste and touch.



Eyes are used for **sight**. Our eyes see things that are close and far away.



Ears are used for **hearing**. Humans can hear sounds that are quiet, loud, high and low.



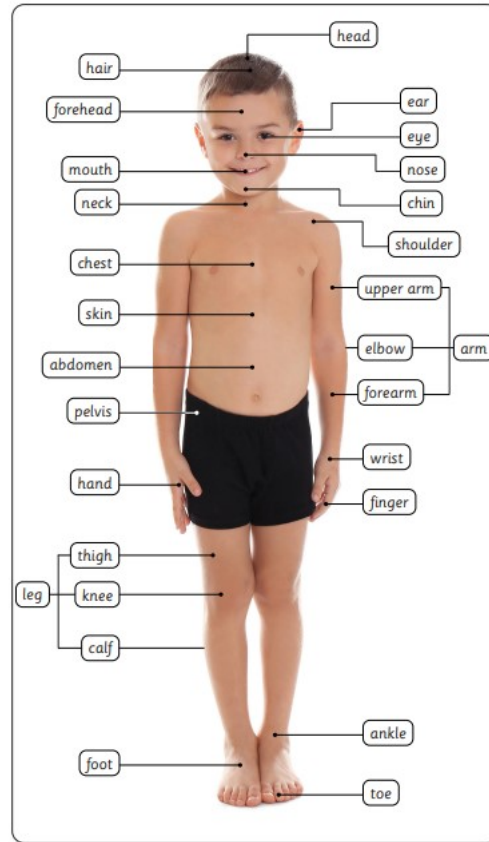
The nose is used to **smell**. Smells enter our noses through our nostrils.



The tongue is used to **taste**. Our tongues can taste different flavours.



The skin gives us our sense of touch. We can feel if something is soft or hard, smooth or rough, hot or cold.



What animals eat

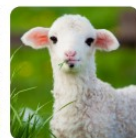
Animals can be sorted into three groups based on what they eat. Carnivores only eat meat. Herbivores only eat plants or parts of plants, such as seeds, fruit and vegetables. Omnivores eat meat and plants.



carnivores



herbivores



omnivores

Animal Parts

Body parts

Other animals can have similar body parts to humans. Animals can also have different body parts, such as a **tail**, **gills** or **antennae**.



eyes



mouth



nose



tail



gills



antennae

Grouping animals



Amphibians

- Moist, slimy skin
- Adults have four legs



Birds

- Feathers
- Beak
- Two wings
- Two legs



Fish

- Skin covered in scales
- Gills
- No limbs
- Most have fins



Invertebrates

- Most are small
- Most have soft bodies
- Some have hard shells or hard body coverings
- No legs or many pairs of legs



Mammals

- Most are covered with hair or fur
- Most have four legs or two arms and two legs
- Some have flippers



Reptiles

- Dry, scaly skin
- Four legs or no legs

Glossary

antenna A long, thin body part on an invertebrate's head that is used to sense the environment.

gill A body part that fish and some amphibians use to breathe underwater.

sense The ability to understand our environment, such as sight, smell, touch, taste and hearing.

tail A body part that sticks out from the base of an animal's back.